



PV CHARGE CONTROLLER

WRM30+



WRM30+ is a PV charge controller for big off-grid systems. It is suitable for 12V/24V/48V systems with lead acid and lithium-ion batteries and it can handle a photovoltaic power up to 1.8kW.

WRM30 has been properly designed for industrial applications such as the power supplying of either TV/radio relays, road signs, or whole houses completely stand-alone.

WRM30 implements a research circuit for the maximum power of panel (MPPT): regardless of battery voltage and its state of charge, the charge controller makes always the PV module work at its point of maximum power maximizing the energy extracted from the PV module and charged into the battery. Charging is compensated in temperature.

Special feature of this product is the presence of two separated charging channels and, therefore, a double input for PV modules. This allows the management of two independent strings, for example in the case they are composed of modules with different features or exposed on two slopes, or, with identical strings, channels can be paralleled thus optimizing efficiency. The load output can be activated according to several programs that can be selected by the user: load ON 24h/24h, load ON only during the day, load ON only during night, load ON during night for a number of hours from 1 to 16, and load ON at the end of the charge so to exploit all the exceeding energy. WRM30+ detects the day/night status according to the PV module voltage; so it is not necessary to connect additional sensors to the controller.

It is equipped with a RS-485 serial interface through which you can access all of the available functionalities.

WRM30+ has new functionalities and features: voltage of the PV modules up to 180V, derating curve, easy navigation of the menu and compatibility with WESTERN WRD SYSTEM (advanced monitoring and display system for high power MPPT systems.













MPPT charge



Max power of PV modules: 450W@12V / 900W@24V / 1800W@48V



12V / 24V / 48V auto detect



For sealed/GEL, flooded lead acid batteries and lithium-ion batteries



Charge voltage compensated in temperature



Integrated blocking diode



Configurable parameters by two buttons and LCD



20 load management programs



Compatible with WESTERN WRD SYSTEM



Modbus on RS-485 communication port (provided by Western CO. WBUS communication protocol)



IP20



- Low battery protection
- Over temperature protection.
- Battery reverse polarity protection.
- Overload protection on output.
- Max charge current: 30A
- Max Voc voltage on PV modules 180V.
- Double input of PV modules.
- Maximum load current: 15A.
- Derating curve
- Terminals for battery cables 35sqmm
- Terminals for PV modules cables 10sqmm
- Terminals for load cables 4sqmm





General safety Instructions



Danger, electric shock



Danger, hot surface

- It is mandatory to read this manual carefully before installing or using the product.
- If the product is not installed and used as described in this manual the product cannot be considered safe, so it could damage people or animals.

Installation and maintenance:

- The product must be installed only by qualified personnel.
- Make sure that the batteries in use are compatible with the product by checking the battery type, the nominal voltage and the charging voltage on their data sheet.
- Make sure that the battery room is properly ventilated as indicated in the battery installation manual.
- When connecting the battery, sparks can occur which can damage the operator's retina.
- When the photovoltaic module is exposed to the sun it generates voltage. If the panel has voltage Voc> 50V it is mandatory to use isolating gloves to protect the installer from electric shock.
- For battery maintenance refer to the battery maintenance manual.
- The product cannot be repaired by the user or by the personnel performing the installation; it must not therefore be opened or left working with the panel open.
- Do not install the product in a place where gas or dust explosions may occur.
- Protect cables with suitable fuses from the short-circuit, in particular it is mandatory to place a fuse of adequate current on the battery cable as close as possible to the positive battery terminal.

Warranty

Western CO. Srl guarantees the good quality and good design of its own Products obliging itself, during the warranty period of 5 (five) years, to repair or replace at its sole discretion, for free, those defective parts owing to poor quality of material or defect in workmanship. The defective product must be returned to Western CO. Srl or to the company delegated by Western Co to make product support, at customer's expenses, together with a copy of the invoice both for repairing and warranty replacement. The costs of re-installation of the equipment will be borne by the customer. Western CO. Srl will bear the transport expenses of the repaired or replaced product. The warranty does not cover Products that, according to our discretion, are defective due to natural wear, showing damages caused by incompetence or negligence of the customer, imperfect installation, by tampering or other interventions different by the instructions supplied by us.

The warranty is not valid also in case of damages coming from: - transport and/or incorrect storage of the product. - force majeure or catastrophic events (frost to temperatures below -20 ° C, fire, flood, lightning, vandalism, and so on). All of the abovementioned guarantees are the sole and exclusive agreement which supersedes any proposal or agreement, oral or written, and any other communication made between the manufacturer and the purchaser in respect of the above.

For any dispute the jurisdiction is Ascoli Piceno.

Waste disposal

Western CO. as manufacturer of the electrical device herein described and in accordance with DL 07/25/2005 n 151, informs the consumer that this product, once abandoned, must be delivered to an authorized collection centre or, in case of purchase of an equivalent equipment, it can be returned free of charge to the distributor of the new equipment. The penalties will be applied by individual Municipalities.



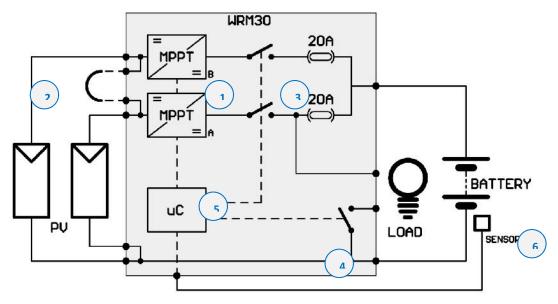




General description

WRM30+ is a PV charge controller for electrochemical lead sealed (SEAL), flooded lead acid (FLOOD) and lithium-ion (LiFePO4) batteries. Is highly recommended to verify the features of the battery to make sure of the compatibility with the charge controller. Lithium-ion batteries need to have integrated Battery Management System (BMS) so we recommend to contact Western CO. to select the right lithium-ion battery to connect to WRM30+ charge controller. It is absolutely forbidden to connect to WRM30+ lithium-ion batteries without BMS; the BMS protects the battery from unsafe operating conditions that can lead to battery explosion or burning. If you connect the WRM30+ to batteries without BMS you can risk the fire of the battery.

In pic. 1 there is a principle diagram of WRM30+.



Pic. 1 Principle diagram

- 1 Charging circuit: it consists of two identical but distinct channels. It adapts VPAN and IPAN (respectively voltage and current of the PV module) in order to search for the condition in which the power delivered by the PV module is maximum, realizing what in the technical literature is indicated with the acronym MPPT (Maximum Power Point Tracking). It also manages the battery charging reducing the current delivered to the battery in the conditions in which the voltage Vbatt equals its charging voltage VEoC.
- 2 Parallel/Independent: this external connection¹ must be inserted when you have either a single photovoltaic field or a separated one but on a single flap. With the external jumper the charge controller sees a single photovoltaic field and distributes power equally between the channels. In a system with two slopes or in any case where you want to maintain the channels independent, the jumper must not be inserted and the charge controller will search for two different MPPT².
- 3 Protections: The switches act as an anti-reverse battery protection and blocking diode. They avoid that during the night, when the PV module is not illuminated, it can absorb current from the battery. Internal fuses provide an additional degree of protection.
- 4 Load: the load³ is power supplied with the same battery voltage and it is controlled through a semiconductor switch.
- 5 Microprocessor: it controls the whole circuit; it measures currents and voltages of PV modules, battery and load, and it shows them on the display.
- For a more precise detection of battery voltage and temperature, WRM30+ uses a sensor that have to be positioned close to the battery terminals (the sensor is supplied: SPC20.S). It is important to connect this sensor to guarantee the compensation in temperature of the end-charge voltage of the system (V_{EoC}) and for the measurement of battery voltage independently of the drop voltage on cables. If you do not connect this sensor the system will work anyway but the battery voltage will be measured on the internal terminals of WRM30+, while the compensation V_{EoC} in function of the temperature will not be performed and, prudently, the V_{EoC} will be set to the minimum value, as if the system detects a temperature 60°C. In the configuration with lithium battery, the compensation in temperature is disabled.





WRM30+ has got an automatic detection of battery voltage which is executed at power on; consequently it sets the proper charging parameters as described in Tab. 1.

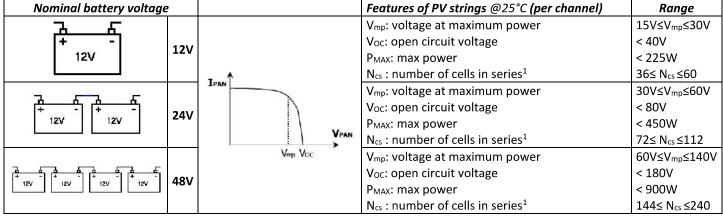
Battery voltage measured at startup	Detected nominal voltage
10,0V < V _{batt} < 16,0V	Battery at 12V
20,0V < V _{batt} < 32,0V	Battery at 24V
40,0V < V _{batt} < 64,0V	Battery at 48V

Tab. 1 Recognition thresholds of battery nominal voltage

If the battery voltage is not included in one of the slot in *tab*. 1, WRM30+ will report the error E03 (see§ Alarms and errors of the system); charging and load will be deactivated. If this error appears check for proper voltage of the battery bank, then re-execute the start-up.

Choice of PV module

Thanks to its MPPT charging circuit, WRM30+ charge controller, allows the use of a wide range of PV modules ensuring the optimal exploitation of the whole power. The PV module must be selected according to the nominal battery voltage and respecting the constraints of the panel input of WRM30. The below reported *tab. 2* gives an indication of the recommended ranges that are accepted in input on each PV channel of the charge controller.



Tab. 2 Selection of PV strings

Installation

- 1) Install WRM30+ in a dry and adequately ventilated place, dust-free and properly ventilated fixed on a non-flammable surface and positioned so as to leave an unobstructed space of at least 10cm in the neighbourhood of the device so to allow the cooling for natural air convection or forced by the internal fan.
- 2) Remove the front cover to access to electrical connections (see *pic.4*).
- 3) Connect in the following order: load, sensor for measure of battery temperature and voltage (included), PV module, and finally the battery as in the diagram *fig. 2*. At battery connection, the charge controller turns on and starts to work. The cable sections must be chosen so that in each length of cable the maximum permissible voltage drop is less than 3% of the system nominal voltage (Tab. 3)
- 4) You can connect to WRM30+ lead batteries with 12V, 24V or 48V nominal voltage. At power on the charge controller measures the battery voltage, it recognizes the nominal voltage of the battery bank connected to it and it automatically sets the correct levels of charging voltage (see § **General description**). The user must, however, configure the type of battery being used to adjust the correct charging voltage (V_{EoC}). Please set SEAL configuration if you use either VRLA sealed or GEL batteries, while set FLOOD configuration if you use flooded lead acid batteries Or Li for Lithium (see § **System configuration**).

¹ The jumper is made with a conductor having a section of at least 2.5 mmq.

² Never exceed the PchMax for each channel.

³ The load has got the positive terminal in common with the positive of battery, while the "minus" is switched through the internal switch (never connect the minus of the load with the minus of the battery!)

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\mbox{Values}$ refer to mono or poly crystalline silicon PV modules.





- 5) Set the load management program proper for your own application. Note: do not connect to the LOAD output loads that absorb a current > 15A, otherwise the system goes into over current protection (E02) and the load is not power
- 6) Mount the supplied cable-clamps so that the weight of the cables is not discharged on the electrical terminals, but on the same cable-clamp and install the front cover to protect the electrical connections.

¹ For the cables of load and battery temperature there are not specific cable glands, they must be anchored with cable ties on those of battery.

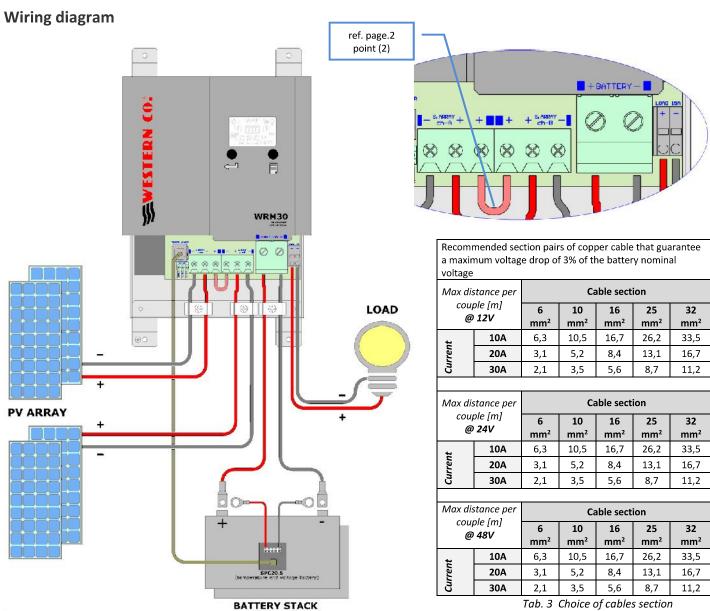


Fig. 2 Wiring diagram

Tab. 3 Choice of cables section





System testing

Once made the connections as shown in Fig. 3 it is necessary to test the system.

- 1- At power on, the display will temporarily indicate the firmware revision (see § System configuration point 1) and soon after it will show a screen with the detected nominal voltage of the system (see § Views points 0.3/0.5).
- 2- Verify that in the main page or in the one dedicated to the battery temperature (see § Visualizzazioni punto 5.0) there isn't the flashing of the battery icon and of the symbol "C', because this means the proper connection of the probe for voltage and temperature of the battery.
- 3- With the PV module exposed to sunlight, check that WRM30 charges the battery going to read the charging current $I_{chA} + I_{chB}$ (see § Views point 1.0)
- 4- Check the proper power ON of the load. If the load is ON only during night you can simulate the night by disconnecting temporarily one of the wires of the PV module. Otherwise you can set temporarily the load programming at 24h/24h, (see § System configuration point 6.1).
- 5- With the load ON, check the current absorbed by it reading the parameter I_{LOAD} in the proper page of LCD (see § **Views** point 7.0).

WARNING: To turn off the system please follow these steps:

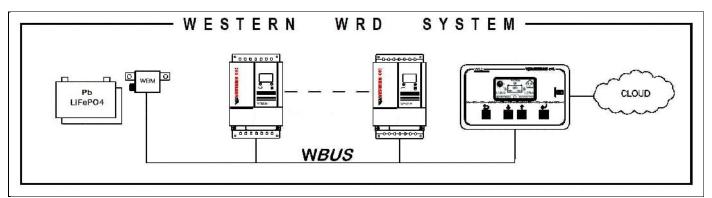


- 1) Disconnect PV modules
- 2) Wait (~30 sec.) until in the display disappears the animation inside the battery icon (fig. 3 charging current indicator)
- 3) Disconnect battery

If not complied these recommended steps, the WRM30+ can be damaged.

WESTERN WRD SYSTEM con WBUS:

WRM30+is specifically designed to be compatible in the system named WESTERN WRD SYSTEM that allows to put in parallel up to no. 8 WRM30+ charge controller connected to display/controller WRD and other optional devices (such as WBM). WESTERN WRD SYSTEM is a flexible and advanced stand alone system with smart functions and the possibility to record operating historical data with remote control from the Internet (cloud). (See dedicated documents on www.western.it)



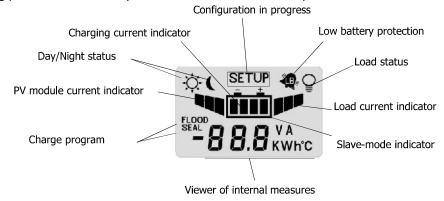
Pic. 3 WESTERN WRD SYSTEM illustrative scheme





Views

WRM30+ is equipped with a display and two buttons for the user interface. It is organized in two environments: one for displaying and one to configure. In the first one there is a main screen which summarizes the most important information of the system; then other main screens show in detail other values. The other environment concerns the configuration where the operating parameters of the system are set. The various sequences are detailed in the following tables.



Pic. 4 Display

Ref. Pic.5	Description of the funtionality
0.0	Main page. It displays the battery voltage (V _{BAT}), the charging program currently selected (SEAL, FLOOD or nothing in case of Lithium), the day/night status detected by the PV module; The load status icon, if ON, indicates that the load is power supplied. Finally, there is the low battery alarm. The animation¹ of the bars indicates presence of current respectively: from PV module, while charging, and towards the load.
0.1 0.2	By pressing this button it appears temporarily the current end-charge voltage (i.e. function of detected battery temperature), highlighted by "EoC" and then the value for the limitation of recharge voltage in ampere for channel (temperature derating function or for remote setting).
0.3 0.4 0.5	Pressing and holding for 1 sec. this button it occurs temporarily the system nominal voltage (12V / 24V / 48V), evidenced by "SYS" and then the value in Volts. Here you can also see the indication concerning the use of local battery voltage (two bars near the battery symbol) or remote (two bars far from the battery symbol).
1.0	It displays the total charging current of both channels (IchA+lchB). Other indications remain the same of the main page with
A.B	only the animation of the current in charge. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channels: in this case "cAb" i.e. the size concerning both channels A+B
1.1 A.0	It displays the total charging current ³ from the single module of channel A (I _{chA}). Other indications remain the same of the main page with only the animation of the current of the PV module. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channels: in this case "cA" i.e. the size concerning channel A.
1.2 0.B	It displays the total charging current from the single module of channel B (IchB). Other indications remain the same of the main page with only the animation of the current of the PV module. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channels: in this case "cB" i.e. the size concerning channel B.
2.0	It displays the MPPT research mode. Other indications remain the same of the main page with only the animation of the
A.B	current of the PV module. It shows if the two channels A and B of the PV modules are in parallel or independent. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channels: in this case "cAb" i.e. the size concerning both channels A and B.
2.1	It displays the voltage on the module for channel A (VchA). Other indications remain the same of the main page with only
A.0	the animation of the current of the PV module. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channel: in this case "cA" i.e. the size concerning concerning channel A.





	It displays the voltage on the module for channel B (V _{chB}). Other indications remain the same of the main page with only the animation of the current of the PV module. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channel: in this case "c b" " i.e. the size concerning channel B.
3.0 A.B	It displays the total charge current of both channels (P _{chA+} P _{chB}). The other indications of the main page remain with only the animation of the charging current. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channels: in this case "cAb" i.e. the size concerning both channels A+B.
3.1 A.0	It displays the power of the module of the channel A (PchA). The other indications of the main page remain with only the animation of the current of the PV module. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channel: in this case "cA" i.e. the size concerning channel A.
3.2 0.B	It displays the power of the module of the channel B (P _{chB}). The other indications of the main page remain with only the animation of the current of the PV module. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channel: in this case "c b" i.e. the size concerning channel B.
4.0 A.B	
4.1 A.0	It displays the counter of the energy supplied from the module of channel A (E _{chA}). The other indications of the main page remain with only the animation of the current of the PV module. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channel: in this case "cA" At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channel: in this case A.
4.2 0.B	It displays the counter of the energy supplied from the module of channel B (EchB). The other indications of the main page remain with only the animation of the current of the PV module. At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channel: in this case "c b" At the beginning of this view there is a temporarily reference to the visualized channel: in this case B.
5.0	It displays the battery temperature detected by the external sensor (T _{BAT}). The other indications of the main page remain, except for animations. A flash of the battery icon and of "°C" symbol indicates the absence of remote temperature sensor ²
6.0	It displays the temperature detected by the sensor that is inside WRM30 (TINT). Remain indications of the icons day/night, load status and low battery alarm. From this temperature depends the derating as in the typical curve in Graph 3 and the Overtemperature protection.
7.0	It displays the current absorbed by the load (ILOAD). The other indications of the main page remain with only the animation of the load current.
8.0	It displays the power absorbed by the load (PLOAD). The other indications of the main page remain with only the animation of the load current.
9.0	It displays the counter of energy absorbed by the load (ELOAD). The other indications of the main page remain with only the animation of the load current.
Others	- Pressing and holding for 1 sec button, you return to the main page from any page If you do not press any button for 2 minutes, you go back automatically to the main page from any other page. This is also true in the environment of Configuration (see next paragraph).

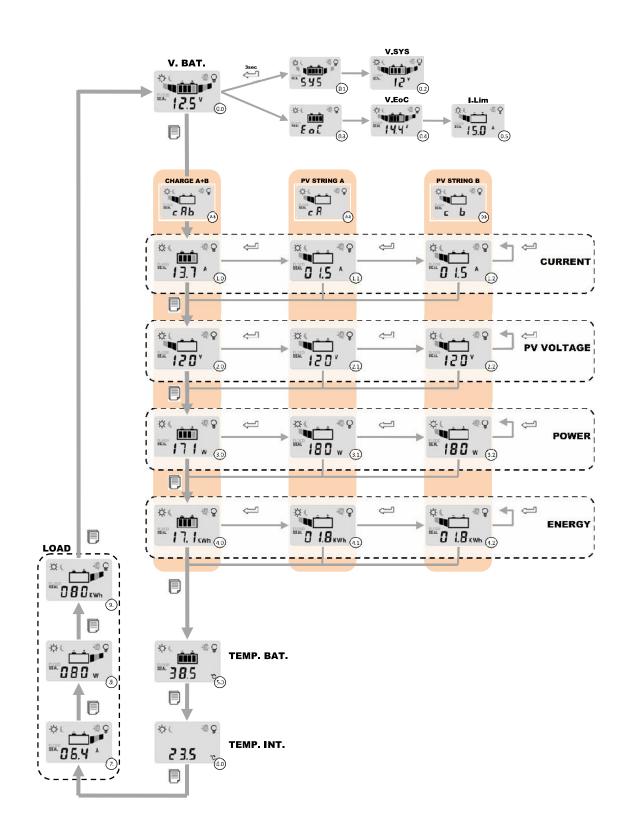
¹ Animations on the first page appear in the following cases the animation "panel current" only if it is day, the animation "charging current" only if the charge is on, the animation "Load current" only if the output is on.

Navigation menu scheme

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ This information is also shown on the first page but with a lower frequency of flashing.

 $^{^{3}}$ The current and power of the module for each channel (I_{chX} , P_{chX}) are not directly measured but they are recalculated internally.



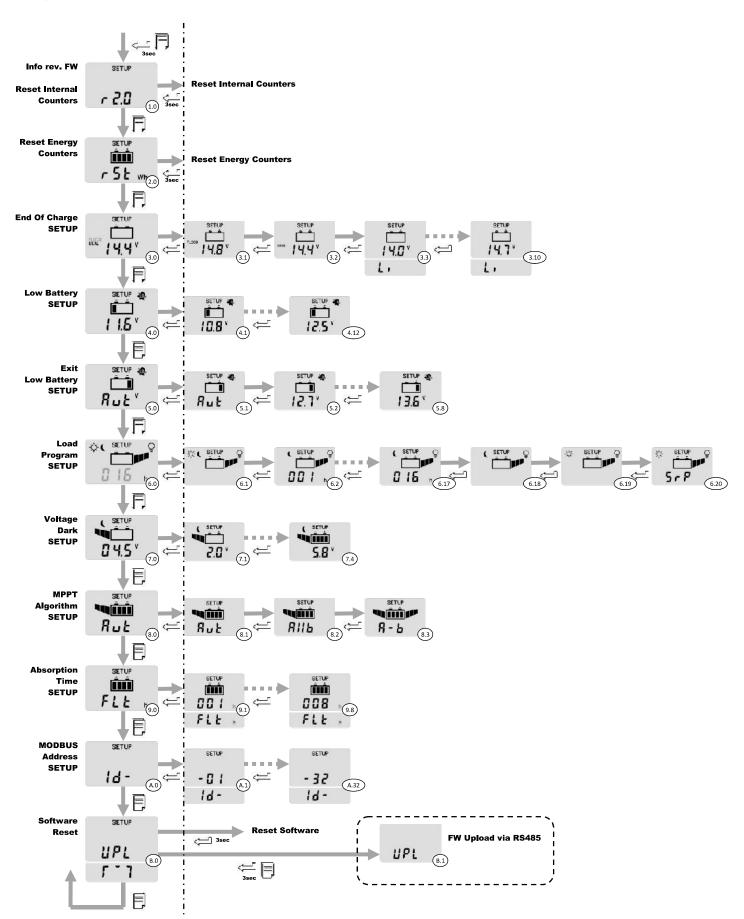


Pic. 5 Navigation menu scheme





Navigation scheme for SETUP menu



Pic. 6 Navigation scheme for SETUP menu





System configuration

System	configuration									
Ref. Pic. 6	Description of the funtionality									
1.0	It displays the revised firmware of the charge controller									
	Pressing and holding this button for 1 sec. all internal counters are reset to zero: NCicli ¹ , NLowBatt ¹ , NOverLoad ¹ , NOverTemp ¹ , NOverVolt ¹ , ContaOre ¹ (except energy counters)									
2.0	Reset to zero fo energy counters									
	Pressing and holding this button for 1 sec. this energy counters are reset to zero. (EchA+EchB, EchA, EchB, ELOAD))									
3.0	It sets the charging voltage for battery.									
	The displayed voltage refers to the end-charge voltage at 25°C.									
	Pressing this button you can modify the setting.									
	Pressing and holding this button for 1 sec. you select the default value.									
	Pressing and holding this button for a sec. you select the default value.									
3.1	FLOOD program has to be set for the charge of flooded lead acid batteries.									
3.2	SEAL program has to be set for either GEL or sealed batteries (default).									
	Li program must be used for the charge of Li-Ion batteries setting the end-charge voltage according to the instructions of									
	the manufacturer of the lithium battery.									
3.33.10	The selectable values (in steps of 0.1 V) are: 14,0V; 14,1V; 14,2V; 14,3V; 14,4V; 14,5V; 14,6V; 14,7V; for 12V systems									
	28,0V; 28,4V; 28,6V; 28,8V; 29,0V; ,29,2V; 29,4V; for 24V systems									
	56,0V; 56,4V; 56,8V; 57,2V; 57,6V; 58,0V; 58,4V; 58,8V; for 48V systems									
	To choose the correct value of charging voltage for LiFePO4 batteries, is necessary to consult the manual of your									
	selected battery.									
	When the Li program is active, the end-charge voltage is not temperature compensated and it is set to the selected value.									
	The charging Float is excluded in Lithium configurations.									
4.0	It sets the voltage threshold of intervention of Low-Battery protection (load disconnection in case of low battery).									
4.0	Pressing this button is possible to modify the setting.									
	Pressing and holding this button for 1 sec. you select the default value									
4.14.12	The selectable values are:									
	@12V: 10,80V; 10,96V; 11,12V; 11,28V; 11,44V; <u>11,60V</u> ; 11,76V; 11,92V; 12,08V; 12,24V; 12,40V; 12,56V;									
	@24V: 21,60V; 21,92V; 22,24V; 22,56V; 22,88V; <u>23,20V</u> ; 23,52V; 23,84V; 24,16V; 24,48V; 24,80V; 25,12V;									
	@48V: 43,20V; 43,84V; 44,48V; 45,12V; 45,76V; <u>46,40V</u> ; 47,04V; 47,68V; 48,32V; 48,96V; 49,60V; 50,24V;									
5.0	It sets the threshold of the output voltage from Low-Battery protection (back to normal functionality).									
	Pressing this button is possible to modify the setting.									
	Pressing and holding this button for 1 sec. you select the default value									
	rressing and notding this button for I sec. you select the default value									
5.15.8	The selectable values are:									
3.13.3	@12V: <u>Aut(VEoC-0,20V)</u> ; 12,72V; 12,88V; 13,04V; 13,20V; 13,36V; 13,52V; 13,68V;									
	@24V: <u>Aut</u> (VEoC-0,40V); 25,44V; 25,76V; 26,08V; 26,40V; 26,72V; 27,04V; 27,36V									
	@48V: <u>Aut(VEoC-0,80V);</u> 50,88V; 51,52V; 52,16V; 52,80V; 53,44V; 54,08V; 54,72V									
6.0	It sets the mode of load operation.									
0.0	· ·									
	Pressing this button is possible to modify the setting.									
	Pressing and holding this button for 1 sec. you select the default value									
6.1	Load always ON during both day and night (24h/24h).									
6.26.17	Load ON only during the night for the visualized hours (Twilight sensor with timer)									
6.18	Load ON only during the night (complete twilight sensor)									
0.10	Load ON only during the day (inverted twilight sensor).									





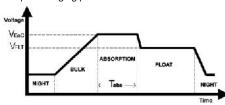
6.20	Load ON for minimum 5 minutes when reached the voltage of the end of charge (V_{EoC}) and switched off for minimum 5 minutes when voltage is inferior than the output thereshold of low battery (V_{elb}). (On-Surplus Mode) Allows to exploit the energy surplus available when the the end of charge is reached activating the output. (consider that the load can alternate ON/OFF every 5 minutes)
7.0	It sets the voltage threshold below which the night is detected.
	Pressing this button is possible to modify the setting.
	Pressing and holding this button for 1 sec. you select the default value
	Tressing and notating this battor for 1 see. you select the default value
7.17.4	The selectable values are for all the systems @12V,@24V,@48V: 2,00V; 3,28V; 4,56V; 5,84V;
8.0	It sets the mode used to search for MPPT.
0.0	Pressing this button you can modify the setting.
	Pressing this button for 1 sec. you select the default value.
8.1	The mode selection for MPPT search is between the following two in an automatic way (default).
8.2	The two channels A and B of PV modules are considered as paralleled, therefore having a common point of maximum
	power.
8.3	The two channels A and B of PV modules are considered as independent, that is, each with its own point of maximum
	power.
9.0	It sets the time of absorption ² Time in hours in which the battery must remain at V _{EoC} voltage before going to the voltage:
	V _{flt} float ³ .
	Pressing this button you can modify the setting.
	Pressing and holding this button for 1 sec. you select the default value.
9.19.8	The selectable values are from 1 to 8 hours (default <u>4 hours</u>).
A.0	It sets MODBUS ³ node address ⁴ . This address identifies the net node with MODBUS protocol on RS485 bus.
	Pressing this button you can modify the setting.
	Pressing and holding this button for 1 sec. you select the default value.
	The collectable values are from 1 to 22 (default 10)
A.1A.32	The selectable values are from 1 to 32. (default <u>16)</u>
B.0	Utilities to reset the software and upgrade the firmware ⁵ (recommended for expert users
	Pressing this button is carried out the reset of the WRM30+ software (unsaved data may be lost)
5.4	Treesing and pattern to carried each tree rest of the rest of the rest and a may be less,
B.1	ightharpoonup Pressing and holding these buttons for 1 sec. you enter in <code>Upload mode</code> where you can update internal
	WRM30+firmware thorugh RS485 connection. To exit Upload mode you have to use software
	"WRM30+_RS485FwUpgrade" or necessarily disconnect and reconnect the power to WRM30+
	Pressing this button you return to the first configuration page
	Pressing and holding for 1 sec. these buttons from any configuration page (except for B.1) you go back to the display pages saving the modified configuration parameters which become operative.
	Pressing and holding for 1 sec. this button from any configuration page (except for B.1) you go back to the display pages
Others	<u>unsaving</u> the modified configuration parameters
	If no button is pressed for 2 minutes, from any configuration page automatically you go back to the display pages (0.0)
	unsaving the modified configuration parameters.





 $^{\rm 1}$ Counter accessible only by remote (MODBUS).

² Graph - charging phases



- ³ Float recharge status is indicated through a different recharge animation (a single animated segment)
- $^{\rm 4}$ For controls concerning MODBUS protocol refer to the setting manual
- $^{\rm 5}$ Is required Windows software "WRM30+_RS485FwUpgrade" and connection via RS485 with PC.

Alarms and errors of the system

		ALARMS
1	SEAL 1.2 V	Low-battery Alarm The flashing low battery symbol indicates that the low battery protection has intervened and the load has been disconnected to preserve battery life. This protection is activated when the battery voltage drops below the V _{LB} threshold which can be set by the user. WRM30+ leaves this protection when the battery is recharged by the PV module at V _{OUT-LB} voltage.
2	E O 1	Over temperature Alarm It intervenes when the internal temperature of WRM30+ exceeds 65 ° C, it disables the charge and disconnects the load. You automatically exit from this protection when the internal temperature falls below the threshold of 50° C. The detected internal temperature can be seen on the display alternatively to error 01.
	8 4.0 °	
3	E 0 2	Overload Alarm It intervenes when the load current exceeds the maximum allowed limit for WRM30 – the charge controller disconnects the load to prevent internal damages. If this alert occurs it is necessary to verify if the current absorbed by the load is below the allowable limit. After 1 minute WRM30+ tries to power supply the load again and it leaves this state if the cause that generated the overload has been removed. After 3 overload events, you have to wait for a night event to leave this protection.
		ERROR CODES
4	E 0 3	Voltage error of anomalous battery At start-up the charge controller detected an anomalous battery voltage and, therefore, it was not able to detect the system nominal voltage. This error may be caused by over-discharged batteries; therefore, if this error occurs it is necessary to replace the batteries. The detected anomalous voltage can be seen on the display alternatively to error 03. To exit this error, you must restart the system.
5	E 0 4	Errore tensione di VEoC_rem. Errore sulla tensione di fine carica inviata da remoto. Il parametro errato può essere visualizzato come indicato (vedi § Visualizzazioni punto 0.1/0.2).





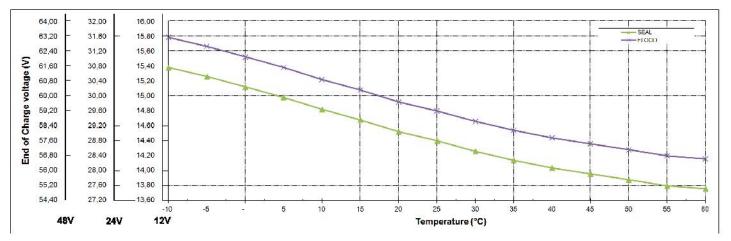
Electrical features

		Tensione nominale batteria 12V			Tensione nominale batteria 24V			Tensione nominale batteria 48V			UM
		Min.	Tip.	Max.	Min.	Tip.	Max.	Min.	Tip.	Max.	
Battery voltage	V _{batt}	10,0	12,0	16,0	20,0	24,0	32,0	40,0	48,0	64,0	(V)
Panel open circuit voltage	V _{pan}	-	-	180	-	-	180	-	-	180	(V)
Panel current per channel	I _{pan}	-	-	13	-	-	13	-	-	13	(A)
Max PV module power per	P _{chMax}			225			450			000	() 4 ()
channel		-	-	225	-	-	450	-	-	900	(W)
Load voltage output	V _{LOAD}	-	Vbatt	-	-	Vbatt	-	-	Vbatt	-	(V)
Load current	ILOAD	-	-	15	-	-	15	-	-	15	(A)
Charge voltage at 25°C - SEAL	V _{EoC}		14.4			20.0			F7.6		() ()
program		-	14,4	-	-	28,8	-	-	57,6	-	(V)
Charge voltage at 25°C - FLOOD	V _{EoC}		14.0			20.6			E0 31/		() ()
program		-	14,8	-	-	29,6	-	-	59,2V	-	(V)
Charge voltage - Li ¹ program	V _{EoC}	14,0		14,7	28,0		29,4	56,0		58,8	(V)
VEoC compensation according to		_	-0,024	_	_	-0,048	_	_	-0,096	_	(V/°C)
battery temperature(Tbatt) ¹	V_{tadj}	-	-0,024	-	-	-0,048	-	-	-0,096	-	(V/ C)
Voltage of Float phase at 25°C	V _{flt}		VEoC-			VEoC-			VEoC-		(V)
voltage of Float phase at 25 C		-	0,6	-	-	1,2	-	_	2,4	-	(7)
Time of Absorption phase		1	4	8	1	4	8	1	4	8	(h)
(settable)	Tabs	1	4	0	1	4	8	1	4	0	(''')
Low battery voltage (settable)		10,80	11,60	12,56	21,60	23,20	25,12	43,20	46,40	50,24	(V)
zow sattery voltage (settasie)	V _{Ib}	10,00	(default)	12,50	21,00	·	23,12	13,23	(default)	30,2 1	(*,
Low battery output voltage at	V_{elb}	12.72	VEoC-	12.60	25.44	VEoC-	27.26	F0.00	VEoC-	F 4 72	0.0
25°C		12,72	0,2	13,68	25,44	0,4	27,36	50,88	0,2	54,72	(V)
Voltage of night detection	V _{night}		(default)			(default)			(default)		
(settable)	Vinight	2,00	4,56 (default)	5,84	2,00	4,56 (default)	5,84	2,00	4,56 (default)	5,84	(V)
Voltage of day detection	V _{day}	-	8,40	-	-	8,40	-	_	8,40	-	(V)
Self-consumption	Iq	_	34	_	_	21	-	_	12	_	(mA)
Operating temperature	Tamb	-10	-	+40	-10	-	+40	-10	-	40	(°C)
Power loss	P _{loss}	_	_	40	-	_	56	-	_	66	(W)
Performance @ 30A	n	90	_	92	93,5	_	95,2	96,0	_	97,2	(%)
Section at Battery terminals		35								37,2	(mm²)
Section at PV module terminals								(mm ²)			
Section at Load terminals	1								(mm ²)		
Weight		2000							(g)		
Protection degree		IP20							(8)		
With Liprogram the end -charge voltage d	<u> </u>	L									<u> </u>

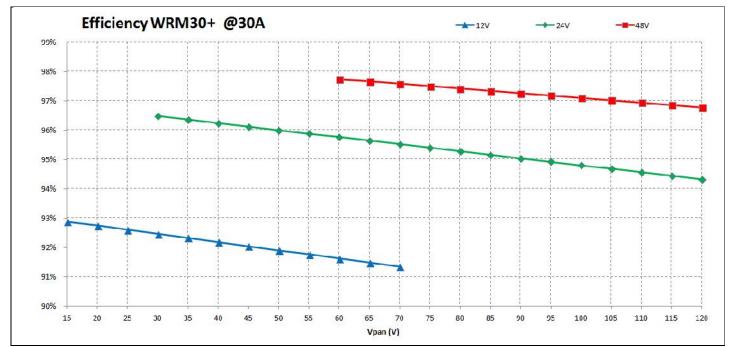
¹ With Li program the end –charge voltage does not change when the measured temperature changes.

Tab. 4 Electrical features

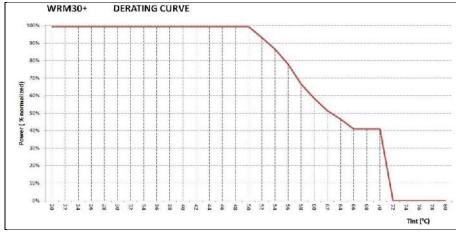
Diagrams



Diag. 1 Trend of end-charge voltage according to battery temperature



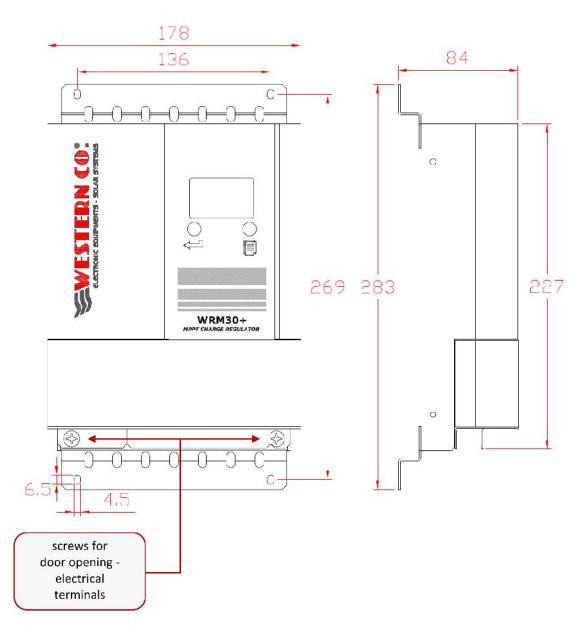
Diag. 2 Efficiencies



Diag. 3 Derating curve



Dimensions



Pic. 4 Dimensions (mm)

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